Report #296

Red River Coal Company Benthic Macroinvertebrate Survey Fall 2014 SFP-2

Submitted To:

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Biological Monitoring, Inc. (BMI) performed a stream survey in the South Fork Pound River Watershed for Red River Coal Company. The purpose of this survey was to conduct instream assessments as outlined in Red River's permits. One instream monitoring station was sampled.

The Virginia Stream Condition Index (VASCI) protocol was used for instream biological surveys. All biological sampling was performed in accordance with the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries' scientific collection permit requirements.

Samples were collected on September 29, 2014. Benthic samples were collected based on BMI's QAPP. All organisms were identified to the lowest practicable level and collapsed to the family level for VASCI calculation. The US EPA's Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for use in Wadeable Streams and Rivers was used for sampling macroinvertebrate populations and performing habitat assessments.

The analysis of the Fall 2014 survey data yielded a VASCI score of 35.15 for station SFP-2. Using the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality devised scale, this station was classified in the "Severe Stress" Aquatic Life Use (ALU) Tier. The habitat assessment score was 136 falling into the "Suboptimal" category of habitat. Physicochemical and chemical analyses seem typical for mining influenced streams in the region.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Biological Monitoring, Inc. (BMI) performed a stream survey for Red River Coal Company in the South Fork Pound River Watershed located in Wise County, Virginia. The purpose of this survey was to conduct instream assessments in fulfillment of permit requirements. The present report provides the methods utilized and the results obtained from the September 29, 2014 sampling event.

BMI is a Tier III (VA) bio-monitoring facility as well as a National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP) accredited Whole Effluent Toxicity Laboratory. BMI specializes in issues of water quality. Since 1980, BMI has been providing expertise in aquatic toxicology and risk assessment. Highly motivated and academically trained scientists at BMI work closely with clients to create practical solutions to environmental problems. BMI has maintained a commitment to the research and development of aquatic biomonitoring and toxicological concepts resulting in leading edge technologies and applications.

BMI interacts with regulatory agencies on behalf of its clients to solve specific environmental problems associated with water quality and toxicological regulations and permit compliance. With its main facilities located in Blacksburg, Virginia, BMI focuses on the development and application of procedures to create feasible solutions that balance the need for environmental protection and continued economic development.

2.0 METHODS AND MATERIALS

2.1 General

Instream stations are generally sampled for analytical and physicochemistry as well as benthic macroinvertebrates. On September 29 2014, samples were collected from instream stations in the South Fork Pound River Watershed.

Grab samples were used for analytical and physicochemistry. Macroinvertebrate samples were collected following BMI's Biological Monitoring Program Quality Assurance Project Plan for Wadeable Streams and Rivers (BMI 2012). The Virginia Stream Condition Index (VASCI) protocol was used for this instream biological survey (Tetra Tech 2003). The US EPA's Rapid Bioassessment Protocols for use in Wadeable Streams and Rivers (RBP) was used for sampling macroinvertebrate populations and performing habitat assessments (USEPA 1999). Qualitative habitat assessments were conducted at each bioassessment site by trained and experienced individuals.

2.2 Station Location

One instream monitoring station was specified for this project. Station location was provided by the permittee. These stations were located in Wise County, Virginia and in the South Fork Pound River Watershed. Latitude and longitude coordinates were recorded at the downstream extent of the station using a Garmin[®] Global Positioning System portable unit (GPSMAP 60 CSX). Table 1 summarizes the monitoring station attributes. Figure 1 provides a map of the area and the location of the monitoring stations. Figure 2 presents an orthophoto of study area. Station photographs are presented as Appendix A.

 Table 1. Monitoring Station Attributes.

Station ID	Location Summary	Latitude	Longitude
SFP-2	Downstream of confluence of Rat Creek and South Fork Pound River	37° 04' 45.9"	82° 39' 30.8"

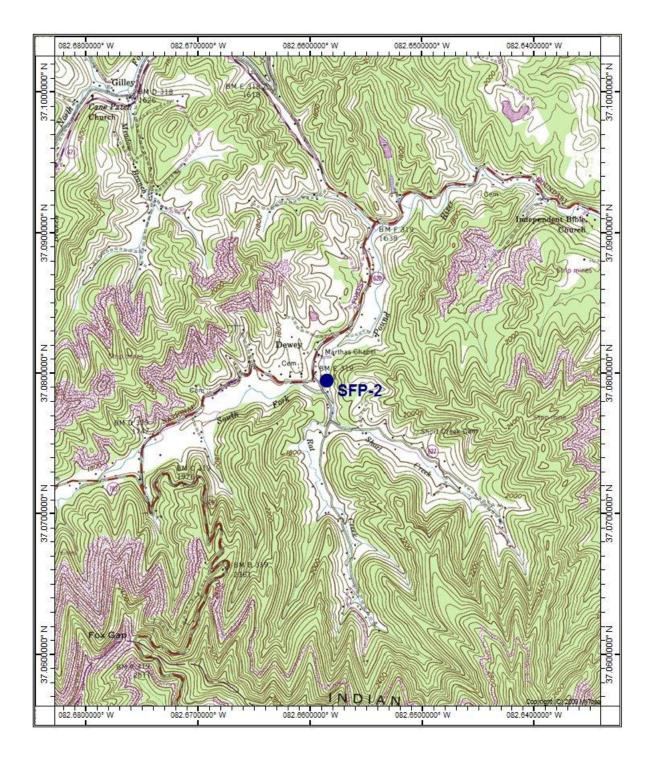


Figure 1. Map of the Monitoring Stations.

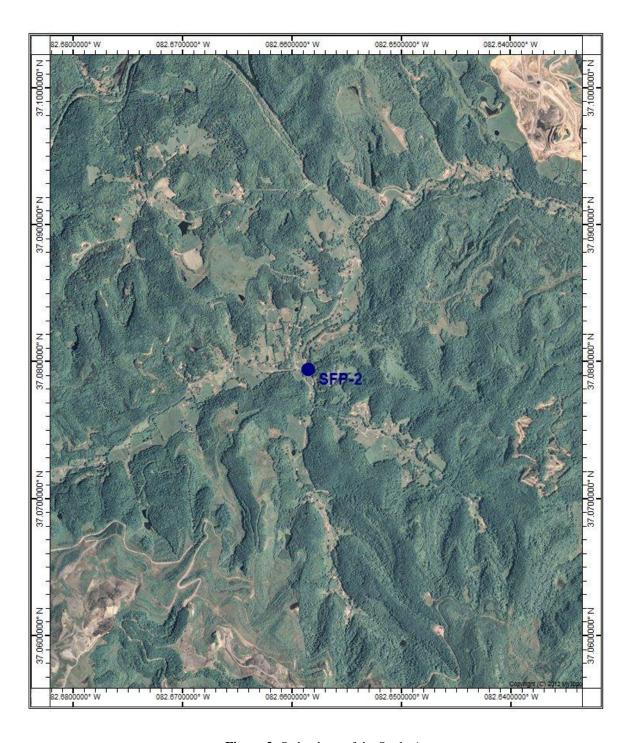


Figure 2. Orthophoto of the Study Area

2.3 Macroinvertebrate Sampling & Assessment

2.3.1 Sampling & Identification

All biological sampling was performed in accordance with the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries' scientific collection permit requirements. Macroinvertebrates were collected at each benthic station following the single habitat approach (riffle-run) as presented in the QAPP (BMI 2012). Samples were collected using a semi-quantitative approach.

Four samples were collected at each station using a 0.50 m wide rectangular kick-net having a 500 µm mesh size. Each sample was collected by first placing the net on the bottom downstream of the 0.50 m² area to be sampled. Where appropriate, large rocks and debris were brushed off into the net and removed. The area to be sampled was then vigorously kicked for approximately 30 to 90 seconds or the Best Professional Judgment of the scientist. For each monitoring station, the four samples were rinsed, composited, placed in a labeled container, and preserved in 70% ethanol. Sample information was recorded on a BMI Sample Chain of Custody Form and returned to BMI's laboratory for enumeration and identification.

Organisms were separated from the debris in the laboratory. Subsampling was performed on each sample to a standard count of $110 \pm 10\%$. All organisms were identified to the lowest practicable level. Organism identification utilized the appropriate taxonomic keys (Merritt and Cummins 2008). All data analysis was performed at the family level in order to use the Virginia Stream Condition Index (VASCI). All organisms from this study will be retained for a period of at least five years.

2.3.2 Macroinvertebrate Data Assessment

Macroinvertebrate data were analyzed using *A Stream Condition Index for Virginia Non-Coastal Streams* (Tetra Tech 2003). This VASCI was developed from an analysis of data collected by the Virginia DEQ from 1994 to 1998 and 1999 to 2002. Using these data, VASCI designated statewide reference values were determined for each of the following eight metrics of community structure:

- Total Number of Taxa measures the total number of distinct taxa and, therefore, is representative of the diversity within a sample. High diversity is a strong indicator of stream health and ability to sustain populations. This metric value is expected to decrease in response to increased perturbation.
- Total Number of EPT Taxa is a measure of the total number of distinct taxa within the Orders Ephemeroptera, Plecoptera, and Trichoptera. These orders include the mayflies, stoneflies, and caddis flies, respectively. Organisms in these three orders have low tolerances to perturbation. As a result, the value of the metric is expected to decrease in response to increasing perturbation.
- **Percent Ephemeroptera** is the percentage of individual Ephemeroptera (mayflies) within a sample. This metric is calculated by dividing the number of Ephemeroptera by the total number of sample organisms. This metric indicates the relative abundance of this sensitive order within the stream community. The value of this metric is expected to decrease in response to increasing perturbation.
- **Percent P T Less Hydropsychidae** is the percentage of individuals from the orders Plecoptera and Trichoptera "less" the individuals from the family Hydropsychidae. This metric is calculated by dividing the number

of organisms from the orders Plecoptera and Trichoptera (less Hydropsychidae) by the total number of sample organisms. This metric indicates the relative abundance of these sensitive orders within the stream community. The value of this metric is expected to decrease in response to increasing perturbation.

- Percent Scrapers is percent abundance of individuals in the sample whose primary functional mechanism for obtaining food is to graze on substrate or periphyton, attached algae and associated material within a sample. This metric is calculated by dividing the number of organisms from the functional feeding group "scrapers" by the total number of sample organisms. The value of this metric is expected to decrease in response to increasing perturbation.
- **Percent Chironomidae** is the percent individual organisms of the Family Chironomidae within a sample. The metric is calculated by dividing the number of Chironomidae organisms by the total number of sample organisms. Family Chironomidae, the midges, are tolerant to perturbation and their relative abundance tends to increase in impacted streams. As a result, the value of this metric is expected to increase in response to increasing perturbation.
- Percent Two Dominant Taxa is the percentage of total individuals in the two taxa with the greatest number of organisms. The metric is calculated by adding the number of organisms present in the two largest taxa. Dividing this sum by the total number of organisms yields the relative abundance of the two dominant taxa. Samples with populations concentrated into a few taxa may be an indication of impact. This metric is expected to increase in response to increasing perturbation.
- Hilsenhoff Biotic Index (HBI) was originally designed to evaluate organic pollution by utilizing tolerance values to weight taxa abundance. The

resulting HBI value is an estimation of overall pollution level. The metric is expected to increase in response to increasing perturbation.

The VASCI metrics and their expected response to perturbation are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2. VASCI Metrics and Expected Responses.

Metric	Expected Response
Total Number of Taxa	Decrease
Total Number of EPT Taxa	Decrease
Percent Ephemeroptera	Decrease
Percent PT Less Hydropsychidae	Decrease
Percent Scrapers	Decrease
Percent Chironomidae	Increase
Percent Two Dominant Taxa	Increase
Hilsenhoff Biotic Index	Increase

VASCI scores for each of the monitoring stations were calculated by dividing each station's metric values by the corresponding VASCI statewide reference values. This yielded a percentage score for each metric relative to the statewide reference condition. If the percentage score of any individual metric was greater than 100, the score was truncated to 100. The eight resulting values were then averaged to arrive at the VASCI score for each station.

2.4 Habitat Assessment

Habitat assessments were performed at each benthic station where macroinvertebrates were collected. These assessments were performed as per the RBP (USEPA 1999). Ten

habitat parameters were assessed, each receiving a score of 0 - 20. A description of each of the habitat parameters follows:

- Epifaunal Substrate / Available Cover rate the availability of structures in the stream that can be utilized as refuge, spawning, and feeding sites by macroinvertebrates. Examples of such structures would include boulders, cobble, undercut banks, roots, logs and branches. The availability of cover can be a limiting factor on stream diversity and abundance.
- Embeddedness rate the degree to which coarse substrate such as gravel; cobble and boulders are sunken into the sand, silt and mud substrate of the stream bottom. Embeddedness is the result of sediment movement and deposition. Increased embeddedness reduces the available refuge, feeding and spawning sites available to macroinvertebrates resulting in lower diversity and abundance.
- Velocity / Depth Regimes gauge the presence or absence of four velocitydepth patterns. These patterns are slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, and fast-shallow. Ideally, all four patterns should be present to best provide a stable diverse stream community.
- Sediment Deposition rates the degree to which new sediment has accumulated in pools, point bars and islands. Sediment deposition may be an indicator of an unstable environment and lowered diversity.
- Channel Flow Status rates the degree to which water fills the stream channel. Channel flow status may be affected by obstructions, diversions or widening of the stream channel. As less of the channel is filled by water, the amount of suitable substrate is also reduced.
- **Channel Alteration** rate the degree to which the shape of the stream channel has been altered. Alterations may include bridges, roads, diversion channels, channel straightening, artificial embankments, riprap,

dams, weirs, and other instream structures. Channel alteration often results in scouring and loss of available habitat.

- Frequency of Riffles (or Bends) rates the presence of quality riffle or sinuous habitat. Riffles and sinuous streams provide quality habitat for stable, diverse communities.
- Bank Stability indicates the degree to which banks have eroded or may erode. Eroded banks are a sign of sediment movement and deposition, which leads to reduced epifaunal habitat. Unstable banks may also point to poor vegetative cover.
- Bank Vegetative Protection gauges the extent of vegetative protection at the stream bank and the nearby riparian zone. Bank vegetation plays a vital role in erosion control, nutrient uptake, stream shading, and food supply.
- Riparian Vegetative Zone Width measures the extent of natural vegetation from the stream through the riparian zone. Wide vegetative zones provide pollution buffering, erosion control, habitat, nutrient uptake and nutrient input. These beneficial contributions can be impaired by commercial and residential development, roads, pastures, actively worked fields, etc.

Table 3 identifies each of the ten Habitat Assessment Parameters and their range of scores. Scores for each parameter were recorded on Habitat Assessment Field Log Sheets (USEPA 1999). The habitat assessment score for each station was calculated by adding the score for each parameter yielding a station total. The highest attainable score was 200. The actual habitat assessment process involves rating the ten parameters as optimal (>153), suboptimal (101-153), marginal (46-100), or poor (<45).

Table 3. Habitat Assessment Parameters

Parameter	Description	Scoring
1	Epifaunal Substrate / Available Cover	0-20
2	Embeddedness	0-20
3	Velocity / Depth Regime	0-20
4	Sediment Deposition	0-20
5	Channel Flow Status	0-20
6	Channel Alteration	0-20
7	Frequency of Riffles or Bends	0-20
8	Bank Stability	Left 0-10
o	Dank Stability	Right 0-10
9	Vagatativa Protection	Left 0-10
9	Vegetative Protection	Right 0-10
10	Dinarian Vacatativa Zana Width	Left 0-10
10	Riparian Vegetative Zone Width	Right 0-10

2.5 Physicochemical Assessment

Prior to any field data collections, all handheld meters were calibrated. Conductivity (μ S), Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L), pH (SU) and temperature (°C) were recorded at each of the sample stations, where appropriate. Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH and Temperature were all recorded using calibrated field meters. Field meters included an Oakton PCTestr 35 combination pH/EC/TDS/Temperature Meter and a Hanna model HI 9142 Dissolved Oxygen Meter.

2.6 Chemical Monitoring

Samples for analytical chemistry were collected by BMI and analyzed by Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 Station Location

Station attributes, including latitudes and longitudes are presented in Table 1 and depicted in Figures 1 and 2. Station photographs are presented in Appendix A. Flow was adequate for sampling at all stations.

3.2 Macroinvertebrate Monitoring Data

3.2.1 Virginia Stream Condition Index Metrics

The $110 \pm 10\%$ subsample is summarized in Table 4. The VASCI metric values for the monitoring stations sampled are summarized in Table 5. Raw data are presented in Appendix B.

Table 4. Identification / Enumeration Data

Order	Family	SFP2
Coleoptera	Elmidae	5
Diptera	Chironomidae	7
Diptera	Simuliidae	1
Diptera	Tipulidae	9
Megoloptera	Sialidae	2
Odonata	Calopterygidae	1
Odonata	Gomphidae	1
Trichoptera	Hydropsychidae	79
Trichoptera	Hydroptilidae	1
Trichoptera	Rhyacophilidae	1
Other Taxa	Oligochaeta	4

Table 5. VASCI Metrics.

	SFP-2
Total Taxa	11.00
EPT Taxa	3.00
%Ephemeroptera	0.00
%Plec+Tric less Hydropsych.	1.80
%Scrapers	5.41
%Chironomidae	6.31
% Top 2 Dominant	79.28
HBI (Family)	5.59

3.2.2 Virginia Stream Condition Index Scores

Table 6 presents a summary of the VASCI scoring. Raw data are presented in Appendix B. Each metric score represents a percentage of the statewide reference condition. The VASCI score calculated for SFP-2 was 35.15.

Table 6. VASCI Scoring.

	SFP-2
Total Taxa	50.00
EPT Taxa	27.27
%Ephemeroptera	0.00
%Plec+Tric less Hydropsych.	5.06
%Scrapers	10.48
%Chironomidae	93.69
% Top 2 Dominant	29.94
HBI (Family)	64.79
VASCI	35.15

Figure 3 is a graphical representation of the VASCI score(s) along with the Aquatic Life Use Tiers. It should be noted that four tiers exist in the VASCI, whereas, a score of 60 or higher is considered "unimpaired" and a score of < 60 is considered "impaired".

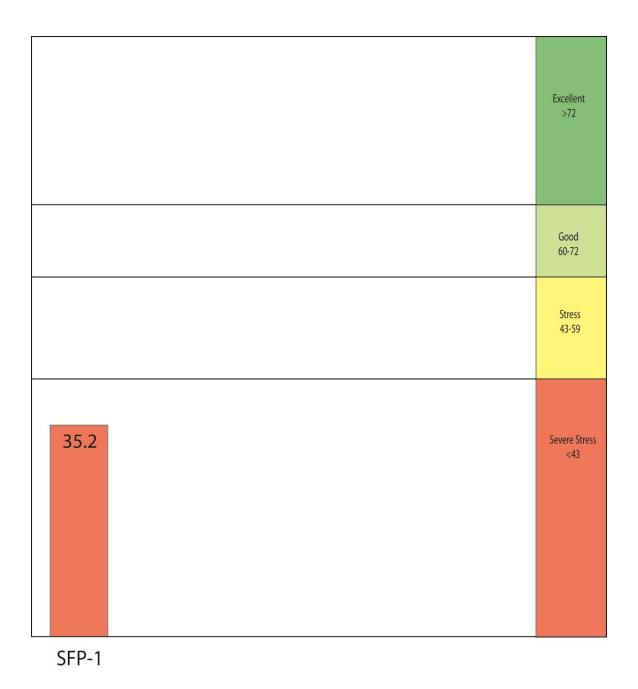


Figure 3. VASCI Scoring Summary

3.3 Habitat Assessment

Table 7 presents a summary of the habitat assessment score for the monitoring stations.

Raw data are presented in Appendix B. The habitat assessment score was 136 for SFP-2 falling into the "Suboptimal" category of habitat.

Table 7. RBP Habitat Scoring.

Parameter	SFP-2
Subst./Cover	17
Embeddedness	9
Velocity	18
Sediment Dep.	15
Channel Flow	18
Channel Alt.	12
Freq of Riffles	17
Bank Stab L	6
Bank Stab R	8
Veg. Prot. L	9
Veg. Prot. R	5
Rip. Zone L	2
Rip. Zone R	0
Total	136

Figure 4 is a visual representation of the habitat score(s) obtained for this permit along with the different tiers.

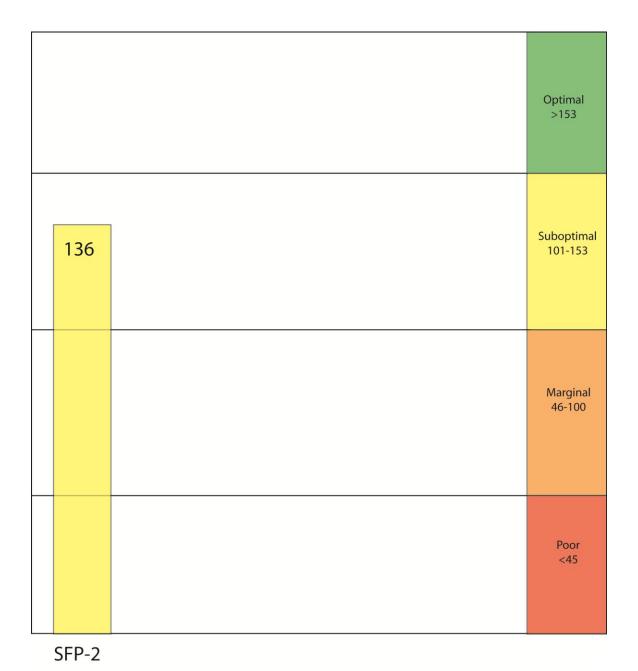


Figure 4. Habitat Scoring Sumary

3.4 Water Quality Assessment

Table 8 presents the water quality assessments.

Table 8. Water Quality Analyses.

	SFP-2
Conductivity (µS/cm)	2160
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	8.2
pH (SU)	8.4
Temperature (°C)	17.5
Flow (cfs)	7.82

3.5 Chemical Monitoring

Results from the chemical monitoring are included as Appendix C.

4.0 DISCUSSION

Water quality and both instream and riparian habitat are important determinants of the composition, structure, and function of biotic communities. The instream water quality assessments and the RBP Habitat Assessment techniques used in this study do not provide adequate discriminatory power to differentiate cause and effect. A systematic assessment of instream and riparian habitat quality is necessary to fully assess water quality conditions in streams and rivers (USEPA 1999).

4.1 Station Location

Since the sampling locations were presumably specified in the permit, it is assumed that they are representative of the permit in question. Furthermore, this study represents a significant component of the holistic watershed management approach.

4.2 Macroinvertebrate Data

The VASCI values in this study should be considered a relative ranking, indicating the comparability of the studied stream to the statewide reference for least disturbed streams. As such, these values should not be considered an absolute rating.

The VASCI validation document recommends Aquatic Life Use tiers based on the VASCI scores (VADEQ 2006). These tiers and their respective scores are as follows:

- > "Severe Stress indicates scores below 43;
- > "Stress" indicates scores from 43 to 59;
- > "Good" conditions indicate scores from 60 to 72; and
- ➤ "Excellent" stream quality is represented by scores above 72.

The VASCI score calculated for this permit was 35.15 for station SFP-2. This score falls into the "Severe Stress" Aquatic Life Use tier.

4.3 Habitat Assessment

Habitat plays an important role in species composition, various assemblages and numbers of organisms found in aquatic environments. To make meaningful impact analyses, one must consider habitat data as a possible limiting factor. The habitat assessment score was 136 for station SFP-2 falling into the "Suboptimal" category of habitat.

RBP habitat assessment techniques are qualitative in nature and designed to determine comparability and ranking amongst stations. Traditionally, this approach assumes the presence of a reference station for the data set. To further explore the role habitat may be playing on the benthic score; additional data will have to be collected.

4.4 Water Quality Assessment

The water chemistry parameters examined, conductivity, pH, temperature and flow, were typical for streams influenced by urban environments and mining in the region.

5.0 LITERATURE CITED

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- Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (2006) Using Probabilistic Monitoring Data to Validate the Non-Coastal Virginia Stream Condition Index; VDEQ; Richmond, VA.

APPENDIX A: STATION PHOTOGRAPHS

SFP-2





Fall 2014 Benthic Macroinvertebrate Survey:

APPENDIX B:

RAW DATA

BIOLOGICAL MONITORING, INC. 1800 KRAFT DRIVE SUITE 104 BLACKSBURG VIRGINIA 24060

PH: 540-953-2821 FAX: 540-951-1481 WWW.BIOMON.COM



NELAC ACCREDITED LAB # 460015

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME SOW FORK POWNS LOCATION South Fork Pound DS Cank Rat Cred

STATION # SFP-2 RIVERMILE		STREAM CLASS		
LATI	ONG	RIVER BASIN		
STORET#		AGENCY		
INVESTIGATORS J	2/WB			
FORM COMPLETED BY		DATE 9 29 14 TIME 14/3 AM (REASON FOR SURVEY	
WEATHER CONDITIONS	rain (showers %cl	Past 24 hours (heavy rain) steady rain) s (intermittent) oud cover ar/sunny	• Yes No Air Temperature 25 ° C	
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map of the site and indicate the areas sa			
0.6578	Flore)) V).78 0.23	pH 8.4 Do 8.2	
2.3232	C _	30 110	Cond 2160 TEMP 17.5	
7.82 cfs	width.	,20 1,10	,	
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsystem Perennial Internstream Origin Glacial Non-glacial montane		Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater Catchment Areakm²	

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES	Predominant Surrounding L Forest Forest Field/Pasture Agricultural Residential Other	mercial • No evidence • Some potential sources	
RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Indicate the dominant type a	and record the dominant species present Shrubs • Grasses • Herbaceous	
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length Estimated Stream Width Sampling Reach Area Area in km² (m²x1000) Estimated Stream Depth Surface Velocity (at thalweg)	m High Water Mark Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle 6 Run 6 % Pool 20 %	
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS	LWDm² Density of LWD	m²/km² (LWD/ reach area)	
AQUATIC VEGETATION	Indicate the dominant type an Rooted emergent Floating Algae dominant species present Portion of the reach with aqua		
WATER QUALITY	Temperature ° C Specific Conductance Dissolved Oxygen pH Turbidity WQ Instrument Used	• Fishy • Other Water Surface Oils • Slick • Sheen • Globs • Flecks • None • Other Turbidity (if not measured)	
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors • Normal • Sewage • Chemical • Other Oils • Absent • Slight • Moderat	Looking at stones which are not deeply embedded,	
INORGANIC SUBS	INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%) ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)		

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)			
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant		
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")	5		materials (CPOM)	\supset	
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")	30	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic		
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")	56	1	(FPOM)		
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)	10	Marl	grey, shell fragments		
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm	5				
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)					

LDB Road RBB House

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NELAC ACCREDITED LAB # 460015

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAMNAME South Fork Pound	LOCATION			
STATION # 5FP-2 RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN			
STORET#	AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS JR, WB				
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE 9-29-14 TIME 145 AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY		

	Habitat	Condition Category							
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.		Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.				
ed in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 (.9 \ 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).				
rame	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Pa	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat	Condition Category						
Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Banks shored with gabi or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.			
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.				
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 \12 \11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water of shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.			
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream. SCORE (LB) SCORE (RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected. Left Bank 10 9 Right Bank 10 9	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.			
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9		3 4 3	1 - 2 - 1 2 0 - e			
caeri saink)	minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less-than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.			
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 (9)	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	>18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.			
SCORE(LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
SCORE(RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			

LDB Road
RDB House



Benthic Macroinvertebrate Laboratory Bench Sheet

Station ID:	1-1	Sample Subsorted by:	Jm	Date Subsorted:	10/07/10	1
StationName:	SFP-Z	# of Grids subsorted:				
Date Sampled:	09/29/14 14/5	Total # of Subsorted Insects:		- Andrews American Company of the Co		
Sampling Method:	The state of the first state of the state of	Sample Identified by:		Date Identified:		7
				-		İ
					Total # of	# to
		TAXON		of larvae	Organisms	Ref.Coll
1	1 polida	tipula	JAT 111	/		
2	Sialidae	sialis .	11	·		
3	Oligochaes	ta	11/1	-		
4	Rhyacophil.	due Macopila	1	2:		
5	ahirovon	. /	411 11			
6	Elmilar	stevelinis	1			
7	Simoliida	Similian	1			
8	Calopterya	da calopterys	1			
9	Underti	lidae hydroptila	1			
10	Elm dre	stewelm's	1111			
11	1/ /		HH MI	CITLY INTU	TIMILL	
12	12	Cheunato psycho			DUMAN	////
13	Complidae		1	111 1111		Water State of the
14	Confidu	gomphus				
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23			***************************************			
24						
25						
		TOTALS				



Sub-sample and Sample Reduction

(per SOP)

Sub-sample and Sample Reduction Sheet								
Organisms found in first grid = 2 (Grid # 24)								
If <30 organisms found, continue to table below. If >30 organisms found, discard 1 st grid, enter # of grids for sample reduction and continue to table below. Sample Reduction? YNNumber of Grids selected for reduction =								
banny	ne recure		*	. ,		8		
Grid I.D. #	# of Organisms		Grid # of I.D. # Organisms	Grid I.D. #		Grid I.D.#	# of Organisms	
15 1 22 23 10 4 5	13 19 11 16 17 21 22	25 44 55 71 88 109 131						
Total	organisms =		Total	grids =				
For sample reduction: X								
<u>IF</u> after picking, there are >121 organisms, then return picked sample to 15-30 grid tray and remove grids (per SOP) to reduce sample to 121 organisms or less. Record data below.								
Total # of organisms retained = Grids removed to reduce sample to 121 organisms or fewer = Percentage of grids retained for sample (to total grids) =								
(# of grids from (% of grids original sample {A}) retained) = (final corrected # of grids from original sample)								

APPENDIX C: CHEMISTRY DATA



ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING, INCORPORATED

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS ▲ ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES 5730 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD. ▲ NORTON, VIRGINIA 24273 ▲ 276/679-6544

Certificate of Analysis

24273

Page: 1 of 3

Client Name: RED RIVER COAL COMPANY

Address: P.O. BOX 668

NORTON, VA

Sample Identification: SFP-2

Site Description: RED RIVER

Report Date: 10/23/14

71

Lab Sample No.: 1464443

Client No.:

EMI Project No.:

Date Collected: 09/29/14

Time Collected: 1415 Sample Matrix: AO

Collected By: CLIENT

Parameter		Sample Result	Units	MDL	RL	Method	Date Analyzed	Time Analyzed	Analyst
Acidity, Hot		BDL	mg/l CaCO3	4.00	4.00	SM 2310B-2011	9/30/2014	1839	MCF
Alkalinity		252	mg/l CaCO3	4.00	4.00	SM 2320B-2011	9/30/2014	1331	MCF
Alkalinity, CO3	Not NELAP	5.81	mg/l CaCO3	0.100		SM 4500-CO2-D-2011	10/1/2014	1255	SAS
Alkalinity, HC03	Not NELAP	246	mg/l CaCO3	0.100		SM 4500-CO2-D-2011	10/1/2014	1255	SAS
Bromide		BDL	mg/l	0.144	0.600	EPA 300.0	10/7/2014	357	JLW
Chloride		8.32	mg/l	0.667	5.00	EPA 300.0	10/14/2014	136	THR
Conductivity		2,120	umhos/cm	10.0	10.0	SM 2510B-2011	10/1/2014	1249	KMC
Flow, Measured	Not NELAP	3,503	gpm				9/29/2014	1415	FLD
Hardness, Total		1,136	mg/l CaCO3	4.00	4.00	SM 2340 C-2011	10/6/2014	1442	SAS
Nitrate		1.78 HE MSF	mg/l	0.317	0.600	EPA 300.0	10/7/2014	357	JLW
Nitrite		BDL HE	mg/l	0.100	0.400	EPA 300.0	10/7/2014	357	JLW
рН	Not NELAP	8.40	STD			SM 4500-H+B-2011	9/29/2014	1415	FLD
Sulfate		861	mg/l	5.17	50.0	EPA 300.0	10/14/2014	1730	THR
Total Dissolved Solids		1,726	mg/l	1.00	1.00	SM 2540 C-2011	9/30/2014	1038	JRS
Total Suspended Solids		3.80	mg/l	1.00	1.00	SM 2540 D-2011	9/29/2014	2251	MLS

To the best of our knowledge and belief, the collection, preservation, and analysis of all parameters represented by this report have been determined to comply the requirements as specified in 40 CFR, Part 136. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.



VA Laboratory ID#: 460038 WV Laboratory ID#: 105 KY Laboratory ID#: 98012 EPA Laboratory ID#: VA00010

The release of this report is authorized by:

R. J. Porter Technical Director

17.5

EPA0902R

FLD = Field Technician MR = Multiple analytical runs were used for this result IV = Flag indicates Insufficient Sample Volume

SV = Sample volume indicated by method not used

J = Flag indicates estimated value below Report Limit

T = Results indicate possible toxicity which is expected to influence reported value.

NA = A result for this analyte is not available.

MI = Matrix Interference - Final result may not be representative.

BQ = Batch QC Outside Acceptable Range

HE = Parameter Hold Time Exceeded

FC = Failure to Comply Current SOP R = Sample results rejected because of gross deficiencies in QC or method performance

DC = Duplicate did not meet method criteria, method process in control

P = Sample was not properly preserved for this parameter.

Flow if Avaliable (GPM): Temp. if Available (C):

Depth if Available (Ft):

Analysis Package Code:

3503.0

Type of Sample: Grab BDL = Below Detection Limit

AB = Analyte found in Method Blank Rev-09-11-14 MSF = Matirx Spike Failure - Method in Control EV = Estimated Value: Outside of calibration range



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Certificate of Analysis

Page: 2 of 3

Client Name: RED RIVER COAL COMPANY

Address: P.O. BOX 668

Sample Identification: SFP-2

Site Description: RED RIVER

NORTON, VA

I, VA

24273

Lab Sample No.: 1464443

Report Date: 10/23/14

Client No.: 95

EMI Project No.: 71

Date Collected: 09/29/14

Time Collected: 1415 Sample Matrix: AQ

Collected By: CLIENT

	Sample					Date	Time	
Parameter	Result	Units	MDL	RL	Method	Analyzed	Analyzed	Analyst
Aluminum, Total	0.100	mg/l	0.0095	0.050	200.7	10/1/2014	115	AWM
Antimony, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.248	2.00	200.8	10/17/2014	153	CLS
Arsenic, Total	0.154 J	ug/l	0.072	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Barium, Total	19.8	ug/l	0.134	2.00	200.8	10/17/2014	2135	CLS
Beryllium, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.020	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Boron, Total	0.022 J	mg/l	0.0056	0.030	200.7	9/30/2014	1520	AWM
Cadmium, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.017	2.00	200.8	10/17/2014	153	CLS
Chromium, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.079	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Cobalt, Total	0.676 J	ug/l	0.068	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Copper, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.296	0.200	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Iron, Total	0.210	mg/l	0.0076	0.050	200.7	10/1/2014	115	AWM
Lead, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.088	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Magnesium, Total	146	mg/l	0.081	5.00	200.7	9/30/2014	1302	AWM
Manganese, Total	0.239	mg/l	0.0009	0.050	200.7	10/1/2014	115	AWM
Mercury, Total	BDL	ug/l	0.067	0.500	EPA 245.1-REV.3	10/3/2014	1202	SAS
Nickel, Total	2.06	ug/l	0.093	2.00	200.8	10/15/2014	2323	CLS
Selenium, Total	2.24	ug/l	0.516	2.00	200.8	10/16/2014	2323	CLS
Selenium, Total	2.24	ug/I	0.516	2.00	200.8	10/16/2014	2323	CLS



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Certificate of Analysis

Page: 3 of 3

Client Name: RED RIVER COAL COMPANY

Address: P.O. BOX 668

Site Description: RED RIVER

NORTON, VA

24273

Lab Sample No.: 1464443

Client No.: 95

Report Date: 10/23/14

EMI Project No.: 71

Sample Identification: SFP-2 Date Collected: 09/29/14

Time Collected: 1415
Sample Matrix: AQ
Collected By: CLIENT

Sample Date Time Result MDL Method Units RLAnalyzed Analyzed Analyst **Parameter** 200.8 10/17/2014 CLS Silver, Total BDL ug/l0.039 2.00 153 Thallium, Total BDL2.00 200.8 10/15/2014 2323 CLS ug/l0.111Zinc, Total 200.8 10/17/2014 2135 CLS 3.06 Jug/l 1.02 5.00



THE LEADER IN ENVIRONMENTAL TESTING

ANALYTICAL REPORT

TestAmerica Laboratories, Inc.

TestAmerica Savannah 5102 LaRoche Avenue Savannah, GA 31404 Tel: (912)354-7858

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Client Project/Site: 95.71

For:

Environmental Monitoring, Inc. 5730 Industrial Park Avenue Norton, Virginia 24273

Attn: Donna Phillips

Authorized for release by: 10/8/2014 4:18:19 PM

Sheila Hoffman, Project Manager II

(912)354-7858 e.3004

sheila.hoffman@testamericainc.com

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The test results in this report meet all 2003 NELAC and 2009 TNI requirements for accredited parameters, exceptions are noted in this report. This report may not be reproduced except in full, and with written approval from the laboratory. For questions please contact the Project Manager at the e-mail address or telephone number listed on this page.

This report has been electronically signed and authorized by the signatory. Electronic signature is intended to be the legally binding equivalent of a traditionally handwritten signature.

Results relate only to the items tested and the sample(s) as received by the laboratory.

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc. Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

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Case Narrative

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Job ID: 680-105819-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Savannah

Narrative

CASE NARRATIVE

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project: 95.71

Report Number: 680-105819-1

With the exceptions noted as flags or footnotes, standard analytical protocols were followed in the analysis of the samples and no problems were encountered or anomalies observed. In addition all laboratory quality control samples were within established control limits, with any exceptions noted below. Each sample was analyzed to achieve the lowest possible reporting limit within the constraints of the method. In the event of interference or analytes present at high concentrations, samples may be diluted. For diluted samples, the reporting limits are adjusted relative to the dilution required.

RECEIPT

The samples were received on 10/01/2014; the samples arrived in good condition, properly preserved and on ice. The temperature of the coolers at receipt was 5.4 C.

TOTAL CYANIDE

Samples 1464442-GF-1 (680-105819-1), 1464443-SFP-2 (680-105819-2), 1464444-SC-1 (680-105819-3), 1464445-RC-1 (680-105819-4) and 1464454-SFP-1 (680-105819-6) were analyzed for total cyanide in accordance with EPA Method 335.4. The samples were prepared and analyzed on 10/02/2014.

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

PHENOLS

Samples 1464442-GF-1 (680-105819-1), 1464443-SFP-2 (680-105819-2), 1464444-SC-1 (680-105819-3), 1464445-RC-1 (680-105819-4) and 1464446-SFP-1 (680-105819-5) were analyzed for phenols in accordance with EPA Method 420.1. The samples were prepared and analyzed on 10/03/2014 and 10/07/2014.

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON

Samples 1464442-GF-1 (680-105819-1), 1464443-SFP-2 (680-105819-2), 1464444-SC-1 (680-105819-3), 1464445-RC-1 (680-105819-4) and 1464446-SFP-1 (680-105819-5) were analyzed for dissolved organic carbon in accordance with SM 5310B. The samples were analyzed on 10/03/2014 and 10/04/2014.

No analytical or quality issues were noted, other than those described above or in the Definitions/Glossary page.

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Sample Summary

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Collected	Received	
09/29/14 13:00	10/01/14 09:52	1
09/29/14 14:15	10/01/14 09:52	

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Collected	Received
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Water	09/29/14 13:00	10/01/14 09:52
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Water	09/29/14 14:15	10/01/14 09:52
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Water	09/29/14 15:00	10/01/14 09:52
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Water	09/29/14 15:30	10/01/14 09:52
680-105819-5	1464446-SFP-1	Water	09/29/14 16:30	10/01/14 09:52
680-105819-6	1464454-SFP-1	Water	09/30/14 07:15	10/01/14 09:52

Method Summary

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Method	Method Description	Protocol	Laboratory
335.4	Cyanide, Total	MCAWW	TAL SAV
420.1	Phenolics, Total Recoverable	MCAWW	TAL SAV
SM 5310B	Organic Carbon, Dissolved (DOC)	SM	TAL SAV

Protocol References:

MCAWW = "Methods For Chemical Analysis Of Water And Wastes", EPA-600/4-79-020, March 1983 And Subsequent Revisions. SM = "Standard Methods For The Examination Of Water And Wastewater",

Laboratory References:

TAL SAV = TestAmerica Savannah, 5102 LaRoche Avenue, Savannah, GA 31404, TEL (912)354-7858

- 0

4

5

7

8

4.0

4.0

Definitions/Glossary

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Not Calculated

Quality Control

Relative error ratio

Practical Quantitation Limit

Toxicity Equivalent Factor (Dioxin)
Toxicity Equivalent Quotient (Dioxin)

Not detected at the reporting limit (or MDL or EDL if shown)

Relative Percent Difference, a measure of the relative difference between two points

Reporting Limit or Requested Limit (Radiochemistry)

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Qualifiers

General Chemistry

Qualifi	er	Qualifier Description
U		Indicates the analyte was analyzed for but not detected.
J		Result is less than the RL but greater than or equal to the MDL and the concentration is an approximate value.

Glossary

NC

ND

PQL

QC

RER

RPD

TEF

TEQ

RL

Abbreviation	These commonly used abbreviations may or may not be present in this report.
¤	Listed under the "D" column to designate that the result is reported on a dry weight basis
%R	Percent Recovery
CFL	Contains Free Liquid
CNF	Contains no Free Liquid
DER	Duplicate error ratio (normalized absolute difference)
Dil Fac	Dilution Factor
DL, RA, RE, IN	Indicates a Dilution, Re-analysis, Re-extraction, or additional Initial metals/anion analysis of the sample
DLC	Decision level concentration
MDA	Minimum detectable activity
EDL	Estimated Detection Limit
MDC	Minimum detectable concentration
MDL	Method Detection Limit
ML	Minimum Level (Dioxin)

TestAmerica Savannah

Project/Site: 95.71

Client Sample ID: 1464442-GF-1

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Date Collected: 09/29/14 13:00 Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52 Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-1

Matrix: Water

General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Cyanide, Total	0.0025	U	0.010	0.0025	mg/L		10/02/14 08:21	10/02/14 12:54	1
Phenolics, Total Recoverable	0.025	U	0.050	0.025	mg/L		10/03/14 08:16	10/03/14 14:01	1

General Chemistry - Dissolved

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac

Dissolved Organic Carbon 3.1 1.0 0.50 mg/L 10/03/14 22:58 1

Client Sample ID: 1464443-SFP-2

Date Collected: 09/29/14 14:15

Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-2

Matrix: Water

Date Collected: 09/29/14 14:15 Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

General Chemistry

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac

Concrete Charles									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fac
Cyanide, Total	0.0025	U	0.010	0.0025	mg/L		10/02/14 08:21	10/02/14 12:55	1
Phenolics, Total Recoverable	0.025	U	0.050	0.025	mg/L		10/07/14 08:29	10/07/14 13:02	1
General Chemistry - Dissolved									

AnalyteResult Dissolved Organic CarbonResult Result Result 20 QualifierRL MDL Unit Dissolved Unit MDL Unit MDL Unit MDL MIT
Client Sample ID: 1464444-SC-1 Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-3

Date Collected: 09/29/14 15:00 Matrix: Water

Date Collected: 09/29/14 15:00 Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

General Chemistry Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac 0.010 10/02/14 08:21 10/02/14 12:56 Cyanide, Total 0.0039 0.0025 mg/L Phenolics, Total Recoverable 0.025 U 0.050 0.025 mg/L 10/03/14 08:16 10/03/14 14:01 **General Chemistry - Dissolved**

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac
Dissolved Organic Carbon 2.7 1.0 0.50 mg/L 10/03/14 23:54 1

Client Sample ID: 1464445-RC-1

Date Collected: 09/29/14 15:30

Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-4

Matrix: Water

Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

General Chemistry									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Cyanide, Total	0.0025	U	0.010	0.0025	mg/L		10/02/14 08:21	10/02/14 12:57	
Phenolics, Total Recoverable	0.025	U	0.050	0.025	mg/L		10/03/14 08:16	10/03/14 14:06	
General Chemistry - Dissolved									
Analyte	Result	Qualifier	RL	MDL	Unit	D	Prepared	Analyzed	Dil Fa
Dissolved Organic Carbon	2.7		1.0	0.50	mg/L			10/04/14 00:11	

Client Sample Results

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Client Sample ID: 1464446-SFP-1

Date Collected: 09/29/14 16:30 Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-5

Matrix: Water

General Chemistry Analyte

Result Qualifier RLMDL Unit D Prepared Analyzed Dil Fac Phenolics, Total Recoverable 0.050 0.025 U 0.025 mg/L 10/07/14 08:29 10/07/14 13:02

General Chemistry - Dissolved

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit D Prepared Dil Fac Analyzed 1.0 0.50 mg/L 10/04/14 00:25 **Dissolved Organic Carbon** 1.7

Client Sample ID: 1464454-SFP-1 Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-6

Date Collected: 09/30/14 07:15 Matrix: Water Date Received: 10/01/14 09:52

General Chemistry

Analyte Result Qualifier RL MDL Unit Prepared Dil Fac Cyanide, Total 0.0025 U 0.010 0.0025 mg/L 10/02/14 08:21 10/02/14 12:58

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 351673

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 351673

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 351908

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 351908

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 352311

Prep Type: Total/NA

Prep Batch: 352311

Dil Fac

Dil Fac

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

Method: 335.4 - Cyanide, Total

Lab Sample ID: MB 680-351673/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 351782

мв мв

RL Result Qualifier MDL Unit D Prepared Dil Fac Analyte Analyzed 0.010 10/02/14 08:21 Cyanide, Total 0.0025 U 0.0025 mg/L 10/02/14 12:41

0.0500

Spike

Added

0.100

Spike

Added

0.100

Lab Sample ID: LCS 680-351673/2-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 351782

Analyte Cyanide, Total

LCS LCS Spike Added

RL

RL

0.050

0.050

Result Qualifier 0.0532

MDL Unit

0.025 mg/L

LCS LCS

0.103

Result Qualifier

MDL Unit

mg/L

0.025

LCS LCS

0.0946

Result Qualifier

mg/L

Unit

mg/L

Unit

mg/L

Unit

%Rec 106

Prepared

10/03/14 08:16

%Rec

Prepared

10/07/14 08:29

%Rec

95

103

D

D

Limits 90 - 110

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Analyzed

10/03/14 13:47

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

%Rec.

Limits

75 - 125

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Analyzed

10/07/14 12:49

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

%Rec.

Limits

75 - 125

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Method: 420.1 - Phenolics, Total Recoverable

Lab Sample ID: MB 680-351908/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 351979

MR MR

0.025 U

MR MR

0.025 U

Result Qualifier

Analyte Result Qualifier

Phenolics, Total Recoverable Lab Sample ID: LCS 680-351908/2-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 351979

Phenolics, Total Recoverable

Lab Sample ID: MB 680-352311/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 352442

Analyte

Phenolics, Total Recoverable

Lab Sample ID: LCS 680-352311/2-A **Matrix: Water**

Analysis Batch: 352442

Analyte Phenolics, Total Recoverable

Method: SM 5310B - Organic Carbon, Dissolved (DOC) Lab Sample ID: MB 680-352329/1-A

Matrix: Water

Analysis Batch: 352315

Analyte

Dissolved Organic Carbon

Result Qualifier 0.50 U

мв мв

RL 1.0 MDL Unit 0.50 mg/L

Prepared

Analyzed 10/03/14 22:15

Client Sample ID: Method Blank

Dil Fac

TestAmerica Savannah

Prep Type: Dissolved

QC Sample Results

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Lab Sample ID: LCS 680-352329/2-A

Method: SM 5310B - Organic Carbon, Dissolved (DOC) (Continued)

Project/Site: 95.71

Matrix: Water

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample

Prep Type: Dissolved

Analysis Batch: 352315

Spike LCS LCS %Rec. Added Analyte Result Qualifier Limits Unit D %Rec 20.0 95 80 - 120 **Dissolved Organic Carbon** 19.0 mg/L

Lab Sample ID: LCSD 680-352329/3-A Client Sample ID: Lab Control Sample Dup **Matrix: Water Prep Type: Dissolved**

Analysis Batch: 352315

LCSD LCSD RPD Spike %Rec. Added Analyte Result Qualifier Unit %Rec Limits RPD Limit Dissolved Organic Carbon 20.0 18.9 mg/L 94 80 - 120

Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-1 MS Client Sample ID: 1464442-GF-1 **Matrix: Water Prep Type: Dissolved**

Analysis Batch: 352315

Spike MS MS %Rec. Sample Sample Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Unit %Rec Limits Dissolved Organic Carbon 3.1 20.0 22.3 80 - 120 mg/L

Client Sample ID: 1464442-GF-1 Lab Sample ID: 680-105819-1 MSD **Matrix: Water Prep Type: Dissolved**

Analysis Batch: 352315

%Rec. RPD Sample Sample Spike MSD MSD Result Qualifier Added Result Qualifier Limits Limit Analyte Unit %Rec Dissolved Organic Carbon 3.1 20.0 22.1 mg/L 95 80 _ 120 20

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

General Chemistry

Prep Batch: 351673

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
680-105819-6	1464454-SFP-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
LCS 680-351673/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	
MB 680-351673/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	Distill/CN	

Analysis Batch: 351782

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
680-105819-6	1464454-SFP-1	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
LCS 680-351673/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673
MB 680-351673/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	335.4	351673

Prep Batch: 351908

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
LCS 680-351908/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
MB 680-351908/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	

Analysis Batch: 351979

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Total/NA	Water	420.1	351908
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Total/NA	Water	420.1	351908
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Total/NA	Water	420.1	351908
LCS 680-351908/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	420.1	351908
MB 680-351908/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	420.1	351908

Prep Batch: 352311

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
680-105819-5	1464446-SFP-1	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
LCS 680-352311/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	
MB 680-352311/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	Distill/Phenol	

Analysis Batch: 352315

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-1	1464442-GF-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-1 MS	1464442-GF-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-1 MSD	1464442-GF-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-3	1464444-SC-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-4	1464445-RC-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
680-105819-5	1464446-SFP-1	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	
LCS 680-352329/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	352329

TestAmerica Savannah

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10/8/2014

QC Association Summary

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

General Chemistry (Continued)

Analysis Batch: 352315 (Continued)

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
LCSD 680-352329/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	352329
MB 680-352329/1-A	Method Blank	Dissolved	Water	SM 5310B	352329

Filtration Batch: 352329

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
LCS 680-352329/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Dissolved	Water	FILTRATION	
LCSD 680-352329/3-A	Lab Control Sample Dup	Dissolved	Water	FILTRATION	
MB 680-352329/1-A	Method Blank	Dissolved	Water	FILTRATION	

Analysis Batch: 352442

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Prep Type	Matrix	Method	Prep Batch
680-105819-2	1464443-SFP-2	Total/NA	Water	420.1	352311
680-105819-5	1464446-SFP-1	Total/NA	Water	420.1	352311
LCS 680-352311/2-A	Lab Control Sample	Total/NA	Water	420.1	352311
MB 680-352311/1-A	Method Blank	Total/NA	Water	420.1	352311

EPA/RPA PROJECTS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

COPY TO CLIENT

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING, INC P.O. BOX 1190 * NORTON VA 24273 * 276-679-6544

C028817

Proj. Description:	Red River	EPA Sampling
EMI Project #:	95,71	Emi Project Manager: RJP
COLLECTED BY:	BMI / JA	R, WB

							EPA 0902R BROMIDE	TOTAL METALS, HARDNESS	DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON	PHENOLS	CYANIDE	DISSOLVED METALS	7,000			
							-	PRE	SERVATI	VE USEI) :					
EMI NO.	EMI SAMPLE#	CUSTOMER SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	DATE COLLECTED	TIME COLLECTED	SAMPLE MATRIX	NO. OF CONT.	0.9 > 7000	HNO3	FILT. HCL	H ₂ SO ₄	NaOH	FILT. HNO3	퓬	TEMP	FLOW (cfs)	Flow REMARKS
	1464443	GF-1	9-29-14	1300	2	+	١	2	2	ŀ	1		7.8	17.5	0.454	203
	443	SFP-2	• •	1415	W	7		2	2	}	١		8.4	17.5	7.82	3503
	444	SC-I	14	1500	W	7		2	2	1	1		0.8	0.81	0.19	85
	445	RC · I	ده	1530	W	7_	١	2	2	1	J		8.1	0.81	0.82	361
	446	SFP-1		1630	W	670		2	2	ı			7.6	17.1	4.23	1895
																1 *
							, ,									
]															_

B!N#		
COOLER TEMP_	/5.9°C 0トエCE CHECKED BY: <u>200</u> Number of Containers this Page:	34
Relinquished by:	while Boylandate: 9,29,14 Time: 1850 Received by:	
Relinquished by:	Cook Date: 9 129 14 Time: 2035 Received by:	Krat Duley

PAGE 1 OF 1 Updated 09/16/13

All samples requiring pH preservation were vertiled to be as indicated on COC by.

Date: 941/4 Time: 3415

EPA/RPA PROJECTS CHAIN OF CUSTODY

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING, INC P.O. BOX 1190 * NORTON VA 24273 * 276-679-6544

C029114	
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Proj. Description:	Red River	EPA Sampling
EMI Project#:	95.71	Emi Project Manager: RJP
COLLECTED BY:	BMI / JR.	, WB

							EPA 0902R BROMIDE	TOTAL METALS, HARDNESS	DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON	PHENOLS	CYANIDE	DISSOLVED				
	ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			PRE	SERVATI	VE USE	D:					
EMI NO.	EMI SAMPLE#	CUSTOMER SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	DATE COLLECTED	TIME COLLECTED	SAMPLE MATRIX	NO. OF CONT.	2 <u>.9</u> > 7000	HNO3	FILT. HCL	H ₂ SO ₄	NaOH	FILT. HNO3	Hd	TEMP	FLOW	REMARKS
	11404434	SFP-1	9-30-14	0715	Y	ı					1		7,9	17,0	Sea Pr	evious logshee

All samples requiring pH preservation were verified to be as indicated on COC by

BIN#		Date: 9-30-1
COOLER TEMP_	4.2c CHECKED BY: Mumber of Containers this Page:	
Relinquished by:	Wend RBoza Date: 9/30/14 Time: 0908 Received by:	
Relinquished by:	Date: / / Time: Received by:	

PAGE 1 OF ' Updated 09/16/1

Certification Summary

Client: Environmental Monitoring, Inc.

Project/Site: 95.71

TestAmerica Job ID: 680-105819-1

Laboratory: TestAmerica Savannah

The certifications listed below are applicable to this report.

Authority	Program	EPA Region	Certification ID	Expiration Date	
Virginia	NELAP	3	460161	06-14-15	

2

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4

5

8

4.0

4 4

12